

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 30-MAY-2014

Revision Date 30-SEP-2014

Version 3

Odor: Acetic acid.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name TERAND RTV SILICONE

Other means of identification

Product Code TB-51120000-00 Aluminum, TB-51140000-00 Clear, TB-51150000-00 White, TB-51160000-00 Black,

TB-51170000-00 Red, TB-51180000-00 Blue, TB-51230000-00 Almond

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name CHEM-MASTER ACQUISITIONS, LLC

PO Box 220908 St. Louis, MO 63122 800-592-5080

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone CHEMTEL 1-800-255-3924

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA REGULATORY STATUS

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

GASES UNDER PRESSURE	Liquefied gas
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION	Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION	Category 2

Label elements

Emergency Overview

WARNING

Hazard statements

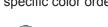
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.



Physical state: Solid. [Paste.]

Appearance: Paste (Color depends on

specific color ordered.)









Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None Known

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/mixture: Mixture

Other means of identification: Silicone sealant in 10.3 oz caulking tube.

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NO.	WEIGHT - %	PURE SUBSTANCE CLASSIFICATION	TRADE SECRET
Triacetoxyethylsilane	17689-77-9	1 - 5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	*
Methylsilanetriyl triacetate	4253-34-3	1-5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	*
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	1-5	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas	*

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First	aid	measi	IIPAS

Ingestion

Skin Contact

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse.

Eye Contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20

minutes. Get medical attention.

InhalationRemove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in

as a collar, i.e., belt or waistband. In case of infratation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms and effect, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, halogenated compounds, carbonyl halides, metal oxide/oxides

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

No special measures are required. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep

unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when

ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information

in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For

nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental

pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Do not dry sweep. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

United States

None.

<u>Mexico</u>

	CHEMICAL NAME	EXPOSURE LIMITS	
[Silicon dioxide	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). LMPE-PPT: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: breathable particulates LMPE-PPT: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable particulates	

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Engineering Controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety eye wear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin and body protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

General Hygiene

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateSolid. [Paste.]AppearanceSolid. [Paste.]

Color Depends on specific color ordered.

Odor Acetic acid.
Odor threshold N/A

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH N/A
Melting point N/A
Boiling point N/A

Flash point Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Burning time N/A **Burning rate** N/A **Evaporation rate** N/A Flammability (solid, gas) N/A Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits N/A Vapor pressure N/A Vapor density N/A Relative density 1.007 Solubility N/A Solubility in water N/A Partition coefficient: noctanol/ water N/A Auto-ignition temperature N/A **Decomposition temperature** N/A SADT N/A Viscosity N/A

10.STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

The product is stable.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11.TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Inhalation Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be

delayed following exposure.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Contact Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

CHEMICAL NAME	ORAL LD50	DERMAL LD50	INHALATION LC50
Methylsilanetriyl triacetate	2060 mg/kg Rat	-	-
Silica	-	24 hours 25 mg Rabbit	-

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.

Skin Contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

There is no data available. Sensitization There is no data available. Germ cell mutagenicity There is no data available. Carcinogenicity There is no data available. Reproductive toxicity There is no data available. STOT - single exposure There is no data available. STOT - repeated exposure There is no data available. **Teratogenicity** There is no data available. Irritation/Corrosion There is no data available. Target organ effects There is no data available. **Aspiration hazard**

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

There is no data available.

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulation

There is no data available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)

There is no data available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

		14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
DOT UN/ID No. Proper shipping name Hazard Class		UN1950 Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity) (1, 1-Difluoroethane) 2.1		
	Packing Group Environmental Hazards Additional Information	- No. Remarks: Limited Quantity Exemption		
IMDG	UN/ID No. Proper shipping name Hazard Class	UN1950 Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity) (1, 1-Difluoroethane) 2.1		
	Packing Group Environmental Hazards Additional Information	- No. Remarks: Limited Quantity Exemption		
IATA	UN/ID No. Proper shipping name Hazard Class	UN1950 Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity) (1, 1-Difluoroethane) 2.1		
	Packing Group Environmental Hazards Additional Information	- No. Remarks: Limited Quantity Exemption		

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Special precautions for user Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and

secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident

or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not available.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA All components are listed or exempted.

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

No products were found.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard Yes.
Chronic Health Hazard No.
Fire hazard No.
Sudden release of pressure hazard Yes.
Reactive Hazard No.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances

1,1-Difluoroethane

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

No products were found.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	New York
Silicon dioxide		х	х	
1,1-Difluoroethane	х	Х		

Mexico Classification



International regulations International lists

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. **China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. **Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register):** Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date 05/30/2014 **Revision Date** 09/30/2014

Revision Note Revised Section(s): 2, 3, 14, 16.

N/A = Not Applicable; N/D = Not Determined

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.

("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet